

## ZPA NDIR/O2 Multi-Channel Analyzer

NON-DISPERSIVE INFRARED (NDIR) ANALYZER



### SPECIFIC FEATURES:

- Multi-Component analyzer—Up to Four NDIR channels Plus Oxygen
- Measures NDIR gases from low ppm Up to 100% full scale, oxygen from 1 to 100%
- Virtually unaffected by moisture by moisture interference
- Measures oxygen via either paramagnetic or fuel cell
- Outputs: Voltage, Current, RS-485
- Compact size

### MAIN APPLICATIONS:

- › Continuous emission monitoring (CEMS)
- › Process gas analysis
- › Greenhouse gases
- › Stack testing
- › Gas purity
- › Research

### MAIN OPTIONS:

- Oxygen only version
- Fault Alarm
- External NOx converter
- High/low alarm
- Automatic Calibration e
- Pump Pak II sample pump



Conforms to UL STD  
61010-1, Certified to  
CAN/CSA C22.2 STD  
No. 610610.1



U.S. EPA COMPLIANCE  
40 CFR PART 1065

**ECE 49-06  
Compliant**

## ZPA NDIR/O2 Multi-Channel Analyzer

The ZPA NDIR technology is based on the infrared absorption characteristics of gases. Using a single infrared beam to measure gas concentrations, this analyzer produces highly stable and reliable results. A single infrared light beam is modulated by a chopper system and passed through a sample cell of predetermined length containing the gas sample to be analyzed. As the beam passes through the cell, the sample gas absorbs some of its energy. The attenuated beam (transmittance) emerges from the cell and is introduced to the front chamber of a two-chamber infrared microflow detector.

The detector is filled with the gas component of interest and consequently the beam experiences further energy absorption. This absorption process increases the pressure in both of the chambers. The differential pressure between the front and rear chambers of the detector causes a slight gas flow between the two chambers. This flow is detected by a mass-flow sensor and is converted into an output signal.

The oxygen channel of the ZPA utilizes either the paramagnetic or fuel cell method to determine the percent level of oxygen contained in the sample gas.

### NDIR MEASURING RANGES

Gas	Minimum	Maximum	Gas	Minimum	Maximum
CO	0-200 ppm	0-100%	SO2	0-200 ppm	0-10%
CO2	0-200 ppm	0-100%	NO	0-200 ppm	0-5,000 ppm
CH <sub>4</sub>	0-500 ppm	0-100%			

### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

<b>Detector</b>	Photodiode
<b>Response Time</b>	Typically < 3 Seconds to 90% Full Scale
<b>Repeatability</b>	Better than 0.5% of Full Scale
<b>Linearity</b>	Better than 1% of Full Scale
<b>Accuracy</b>	Better than 1% Full Scale
<b>Precision</b>	Better than 0.5% Full Scale
<b>Noise</b>	Less than 0.5% of Full Scale
<b>Zero &amp; Span Drift</b>	Less than 1% of Full Scale per 24 Hours
<b>CO<sub>2</sub> Effect</b>	Less than 2% with 10% CO <sub>2</sub>
<b>H<sub>2</sub>O Effect</b>	Less than 1% with 1% H <sub>2</sub> O
<b>Interference Data:</b>	CO, HCN, SO <sub>2</sub> , NH <sub>3</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O not Detectable at 100 ppm
<b>Flow Control</b>	Electronic Proportional Pressure Controller.
<b>Sample Flow Rate</b>	Typically 1.5 to 2.5 LPM (0.6 LPM with Low Flow Option)
<b>Converter</b>	Carbon Material @ 205 C; 95 to 100% Efficiency
<b>Ozonator</b>	Ultraviolet Lamp
<b>Air or O<sub>2</sub> Requirements</b>	Dry Air less than 0.01 ppm NO <sub>x</sub> at 350 cc/Min. @ 25 psig (Dew Point < -10°C)
<b>NO/NO<sub>x</sub> Control</b>	Manual/Remote/Auto Cycle
<b>Standard Outputs</b>	Voltage, Current, RS-232 AK Protocol, TCP/IP MODBUS and AK Protocol
<b>Assignable Contact Alarms and Statuses</b>	15 Assignable Contact Closures
<b>Digital Diagnostics</b>	Temperature, Pressure, EPC Volt %, and Flow
<b>Display</b>	3" x 5" LED
<b>Sample Temperature</b>	85-100°C
<b>Oven Temperature</b>	85°C Standard, 100°C Upon Request
<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	5 to 40°C
<b>Ambient Humidity</b>	Less than 90% RH (Non-condensing)
<b>Warm Up Time</b>	1 Hour
<b>Fittings</b>	1/4 Inch Tube
<b>Power Requirements</b>	115/230 VAC; 50/60 Hz; 560 Watts
<b>Dimensions (HxWxD)</b>	5.25H x 19W x 23D In. (133.4H x 482.6W x 584.2D mm)
<b>Weight</b>	45 Lbs. (20.4 kg)